

Policy on Controversial Activities

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Part of Capital**at**Work's Socially Responsible Investment Policy and Methodology entails dealing with controversial activities and industries. Please find below a detailed description of how those specific issues are addressed.

The UN Global Compact

The UN Global Compact is a United Nation initiative that encourages businesses worldwide to adopt and promote sustainable and socially responsible policies. The initiative also encourages the participants to report the implementation of their policies and widespread good practices among all industries. Started in 2000, the main guidelines follow 10 principles (listed further in this document) that act as the basis to meet fundamental responsibilities relying on Human Right, Labor Rights, the Environment and Anti-Corruption.

An essential point for Capital**at**Work is that the companies we invest in do not represent threats to any of the topics mentioned above. We therefore exclude companies that breach, in any way, any of the 10 principles defined by the Global Compact initiative.

<u>Human Rights</u>

Principle 1: Businesses should support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human rights; and

Principle 2: make sure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses.

<u>Labour</u>

Principle 3: Businesses should uphold the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;

Principle 4: the elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour;

Principle 5: the effective abolition of child labour; and

Principle 6: the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

Environment

Principle 7: Businesses should support a precautionary approach to environmental challenges;

Principle 8: undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility; and

Principle 9: encourage the development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies.

Anti-Corruption

Principle 10: Businesses should work against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery.



Controversial activities

Capital**at**Work wishes to restrain its investments in companies that operate or are involved in industries that we consider inadequate. Several sectors are especially notorious for the harm they have caused to individuals or the environment and supporting them would not make sense to us. However, we realize that some nations and populations are dependent on those activities and we encourage the establishment of the right policies as a necessary way to prevent further physical or moral damages.



Arctic Oil and Gas Exploration & Oil Sands & Shale Energy:

CapitalatWork completely **excludes investments with involvement in unconventional oil and gas exploration.** Moreover, we support the transition from companies and economies largely relying on fossil fuel consumption and nuclear power to the use of alternative and more sustainable sources of energy production. However, we also agree that creating the necessary infrastructure to facilitate this shift will take time.



Conventional Oil and Gas:

As the future developments of our economy are still very dependent on fossil fuels, we believe being involved in the energy transition makes more sense than blindly excluding the industry. Oil and gas behemoths signaling their intention to shift towards cleaner energies will be the longterm winners. Therefore, CapitalatWork **excludes companies with involvement in conventional oil and gas if:**

• **Supply** of natural gas or renewable energy: restriction below 40% of revenues.

Electricity Generation:

CapitalatWork excludes investing in utility companies that are not in line with the Paris agreement goals or the below 2 degrees scenario. Therefore, we **exclude companies with involvement in electricity generation if:**

Production carbon intensity: restricted above $393gCO^2/kWh$ in 2021, 374 gCO²/kWh in 2022, 354 gCO²/kWh in 2023, 335 gCO²/kWh in 2024, 315 gCO²/kWh in 2025

In case carbon intensity data are not available, CapitalatWork **excludes companies with involvement in electricity generation if**:

- Production based on coal: complete restriction above 10% of revenue.
- Production based on oil and gas: complete restriction above 30% of revenues.
- Production based on nuclear sources: complete restriction above 0% of revenues.





(Electricity Generation and Conventional Oil and Gas: Unaligned Companies)

In the special case that a company active in either electricity generation or conventional oil and gas would not be aligned with our policy but present in a portfolio integrating our SRI policy, we have developed the following guidelines.

- Unaligned companies cannot represent more than 5% of the whole portfolio.
- Unaligned companies have to be within the best 50% of their peer group in term of energy transition.

Nuclear:

Capital**at**Work excludes investing in companies related to nuclear power due to the significant controversies linked to the industry. As a result, Capital**at**Work excludes companies with involvement in the:

- Production of nuclear power: complete restriction on revenue generation.
- Distribution of nuclear power: complete restriction on revenue generation.
- **Provision of supporting products and services** to customers in nuclear power production or distribution: restriction above 5% of revenues.

Thermal Coal:

Capital**at**Work excludes investing in companies related to thermal coal due to the unsustainable and extremely polluting nature of the industry. As a result, Capital**at**Work excludes companies with involvement in the:

- Extraction of thermal coal: complete restriction on revenue generation.
- Power generation with thermal coal: restriction above 10 % of revenues.

Controversial Weapons:

Controversial weapons are defined as weapons that are either illegal – as their production and use is prohibited by international legal instruments – or deemed particularly controversial because of their indiscriminate (no distinction between civilians and combatants) effects and the disproportionate harm they cause. On basis of the above definition and BEAMA's list of controversial weaponry (nuclear weapons, biological weapons, chemical weapons, non-detectable fragments, blinding laser weapons, anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, incendiary weapons and depleted uranium ammunition) **CapitalatWork fully excludes companies with direct and indirect involvement in these activities.**

Military Contracting:

Disclosure of companies involved in the production or distribution of weapon related products tends to be opaque. As a result, Capital**at**Work excludes companies with involvement in the:

- **Production**, **distribution** or **ownership** of weapons and weapon-related products: restriction above 5% of revenues.
- **Production**, **distribution** or **ownership** of non-weapon related products: restriction above 10% of revenues.



<u>Tobacco:</u>

Tobacco products have proven to be extremely harmful for users, their entourage and the environment because of the use of non-biodegradable products. Due to the facts that tobacco products are sold in the large-scale distribution industry, we cannot restrict investment in the whole supply-chain of tobacco products. Capital**at**Work therefore excludes investments in companies involved in the:

- Production of tobacco: complete restriction on revenue generation from these activities.
- Provision of tobacco-related products and services: restriction above 25% of revenues.
- Retail of tobacco (products): restriction above 25% of revenues.

Pornography

The industry of pornography has a high potential to lead to human abuse and manipulation. As a result, Capital**at**Work excludes investments in companies involved in the:

- Production of pornographic content: complete restriction on revenue generation.
- **Distribution** of pornographic content: restriction above 10% of revenues.

Alcoholic Beverages & Gambling:

Although we understand that those products/services have a negative reputation by nature, we believe the right way to be critical about those industries is to consider the management of risk prevention. A majority of their customers make use of them on a recreational basis (no abuse) and are therefore not harmed directly. The implementation of policies preventing such exaggeration is exactly how those companies can curb abuses and therefore negative outcomes. More specifically, are these companies sufficiently warning customers for the dangers or negative side effects of their product? Is their communication non-ambiguous and well-defined? We screen the different policies and alternative products in place to determine whether they are satisfactory enough for the companies to be excluded or not.



This policy on controversial activities is what we believe to be our way of promoting righteous corporate conduct while remaining within our primary focus of creating value. We will continuously improve our transparency through different monitoring and reporting processes in order to keep our clients informed about our developments and act as the supporter of sustainable investing. We acknowledge that the financial world is evolving and that our policy on controversial activities will have to be updated over time to reflect our transforming views.

The management of CapitalatWork



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